



# DUSUP Guidelines for Land Use Planning Consultation Zone

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#### 1 INTRODUCTION

Dubai Supply Authority (DUSUP) is responsible for procuring, transmitting, storing and delivering natural gas to customers in the Emirate of Dubai. DUSUP has assigned Dubai Petroleum Establishment (DPE) the responsibility for operating DUSUP assets; and authorised DPE to manage all emergency events occurring on its own operated facilities and pipelines (in liaison with other governmental entities).

DPE-DUSUP designs operates and maintains DUSUP's onshore pipelines and related facilities to International Standards in order to ensure an uninterrupted flow of gas and other hydrocarbons across Dubai. The onshore hydrocarbon pipeline network consists of approximately 700 kilometres of pipelines ranging from 48" high pressure gas pipelines down to 10" condensate lines. The gas pipelines operate at high-pressures up to 960-psig and transport highly explosive and flammable natural gas. A number of jet fuel and fuel oil pipelines share the corridors with the gas and condensate pipelines.

DPE-DUSUP operates within the No Objection Certificate (NOC) system across the Emirate of Dubai. Managed through the Government of Dubai e-NOC portal, operated by the Roads and Transport Authority (RTA). The NOC System is in place in Dubai to review and pre-approve any work on a Right of way, Public way, or to administer / create any prerequisite controls e.g. traffic diversions. The same system is also used to review, approve and set conditions for monitoring and controlling third party activities in the vicinity of onshore pipelines.

DUSUP Pipeline corridor is shared with DEL (Dolphin Energy Limited), ENOC Group, EMDAD and DEWA. An NOC for the pipelines are reviewed by respective pipeline Owners or Operators (DEL, ENOC Group, EMDAD) and processed through Government of Dubai e-NOC portal. NOCs for DEWA pipelines are processed directly by DEWA through e-NOC. DUSUP may be one of the many authorities whose approvals are required. Obtaining an NOC from one authority will not relieve the developer or developer's representative from the responsibility of obtaining NOCs from other applicable authority/authorities.

The majority of the onshore hydrocarbon pipeline network is installed in designated DUSUP corridors that are secured by fences and controlled access gates. Parts of the onshore pipeline network run in the Right of Way, Public way and in unfenced corridors - due to the close proximity of road infrastructure.

Dubai's rapid development has led to significant changes in populated areas adjacent to the pipeline corridors. Some sections of the corridors; first constructed across open desert, are now in proximity to new and planned future developments.

#### 2 PURPOSE

The purpose of this document is to provide preliminary guidance for the development of land adjacent to the pipeline corridors, to ensure that the proposed development design considers the necessary safe land use planning criteria as prescribed in section 6 of this document and further demonstrated in the Quantitative Risk Assessment (QRA) work carried out by DUSUP and DEL (who operate the 48" Gas Pipeline from Abu Dhabi to Dubai).

#### 3 REFERENCES

- 1. DUSUP Guidelines for Land Use Planning DP-OPSON-0144
- 2. DPE Pipelines Risk Assessment Studies DP-ENG-ONS-E00444-TS-RPT-0001
- 3. Benchmarking Study of International Zoning Distances around Pipelines Document No: DP-60-R-01
- 4. DEL UAE Gas Pipeline Network QRA Report: UTS-DOL-0000-GRP-01176
- 5. Regulation No. (4) Of 2009 Concerning Implementation of Works within the Right of Way in the Emirate of Dubai

6. UAE Fire and Life Safety Code of Practice: CDGH-OP-25 - September 2018

#### 4 ABBREVIATIONS & DEFINITIONS

#### 4.1 Abbreviations

**Abbreviation Description DPE Dubai Petroleum Establishment DUSUP Dubai Supply Authority DEL Dolphin Energy Limited DEWA Dubai Electricity and Water Authority ENOC Emirates National Oil Company EMDAD** EMARAT. Air BP and Shell Joint Venture GIS Geographical Information System **ING** Liquefied Natural Gas **LSIR** Location Specific Individual Risk LUP Zone Land Use Planning Zone NOC No Objection Certificate **RTA** Roads and Transport Authority

#### 4.2 Definitions

**QRA** 

Consultation Zone/	Land Use Planning Consultation Zone or DUSUP LUP NOC Zone is
LUP NOC Zone	the area where developers require to consult with DUSUP before the
	design of the development. This is to assess the risks and likely effects

Quantitative Risk Assessment.

of major accidents and major hazards, and to mitigate the consequences of a major accident in the design of proposed development. DUSUP LUP Zone is extended 500 meters from the

Pipeline corridor or pipeline, whichever is greater.

DEL Dolphin Energy Limited produces and processes natural gas from

Qatar's North Field for further (pipeline) transportation and distribution of gas across the UAE. DEL operate the 48" gas pipeline located

within the Hassyan corridor.

DPE is the government entity that operates DUSUP assets, DPE has

the authority to manage all emergency events occurring from operating facilities and pipelines in liaison with other governmental

entities.

DUSUP is the legal commercial entity that owns the Margham Field,

Margham Plant Facilities, Gas Control Station, LNG Platform and Onshore Pipelines within pipeline corridors and has given to DPE full

operatorship of all its facilities.

DUSUP Corridor DUSUP Corridor is the land allocated by Dubai Municipality or other

statutory government authority to DUSUP for the construction, operation and maintenance of gas and fuel pipelines in the emirate of

Dubai.

Multi Storey or High-rise

**Buildings** 

Structures having a total height of occupiable or usable space of more than 23 Meters above the lowest grade or lowest level of Fire Service Access into that occupancy is categorized as a High-rise Building. As per UAE fire and life safety code of practice.

QRA (Quantitative Risk Assessment) is a formal and systematic risk

analysis approach to quantify the risks associated with the operation of gas and other hydrocarbon pipelines and study the exposure of risk to nearby developments, people, environment, and company assets.

Project Specific QRA QRA (Quantitative Risk Assessment) that is commissioned by the

project developer and/or developer consultant to challenge the DUSUP / DEL QRA and provide recommendations as necessary for risk reduction in accordance with section 8.

LUP Zone LUP Zone represents a distance or area within which there are

potentially significant consequences for nearby developments such as residential areas, buildings, and areas of public use. LUP Zone is referred to as the area that falls between the limit of LUP Zone and

Proximity Zone.

Right of Way [Ref. 4]: The distance between two lines of construction as set out in plans

approved by Dubai Municipality.

Public Way [Ref. 4]: Every way open for the public including all kinds of roads, side-streets,

public squares, bridges, tunnels, crossroads, median strips, public

parking, footpaths and pedestrian crossings.

Service Lines [Ref. 4]: Water distribution lines, electricity lines and cables, communication

lines, sewage network, irrigation lines, rain water ducts, lighting network, and intelligent information network, and other public and

private service lines and other related facilities.

(Inclusive of Pipelines).

## 5 CONSIDERATIONS FOR DEVELOPMENTS NEAR PIPELINE CORRIDOR - LUP ZONES

Pipelines transport hazardous hydrocarbons that, when released, can pose a significant threat to the people, infrastructure and the natural environment near the pipeline. Pipeline failures are characterised as low probability, high consequence events.

Land development for residential and commercial purposes in close proximity to hazardous liquid and gas transmission pipelines increases the likelihood of damage to the pipelines and the potential for impact to the community from pipeline failure.

Property developers/plot owners and pipeline operators have key roles to ensure the protection of people/communities adjacent to the corridor, to enhance pipeline safety, whilst also protecting the environment and critical pipeline infrastructure.

DPE-DUSUP has developed; based on international standards, the Land Use Planning (LUP) criteria to be used for the determination of pipeline zoning distances in the Emirate of Dubai, UAE - in order to protect members of the public from major hazard consequences related to hydrocarbon pipeline operations.

#### 5.1 Considerations for Developments within Jebel Ali Freezone Area

DUSUP and Pipeline Owners (ENOC Group and EMDAD) have reserved Pipeline corridors and leased wayleaves for the Hydrocarbon Pipelines and related facilities within JAFSA. New proposals / developments shall be located outside the reserved Pipeline corridors and Leased wayleaves, on top of considering the Land Use Planning guidance of the following sections. All new developments shall be secured through approvals and necessary concurrence from relevant Area Developer PCFC-JAFZA / DP World etc.

#### 6 LAND USE PLANNING ZONES

DUSUP and Dolphin Energy (DEL) independently carried out Quantitative Risk Assessment (QRA) studies to assess the risk from existing pipelines (for land use planning purposes) in the areas adjacent to hydrocarbon pipelines. Subsequently; DUSUP and DEL issued guidelines, which although similar, have some differences - as indicated in Figures 1 & 2, and further detailed in Sections 6.1 to 6.5 below. It should be noted that where both DUSUP and DEL LUP zones have been applied to DUSUP GIS maps, the most stringent zoning criteria has been applied when comparing both DUSUP and DEL outputs from their respective QRA analysis'.

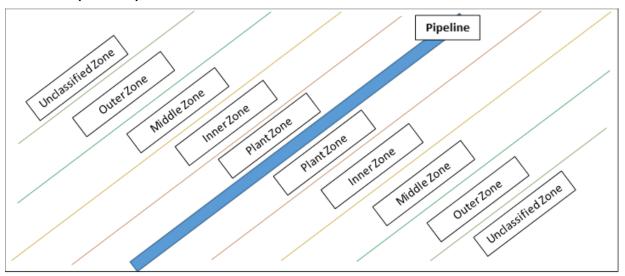
Considering the above, developers shall give due consideration to the different LUP acceptance criteria applicable to both DUSUP and DEL (where appropriate). **NOTE**: DUSUP shall review all NOCs based on the acceptance criteria of both pipeline operators; however, DEL (as a key NOC stakeholder) also assess the NOC independently of the DUSUP approvals process.

The width of LUP Zones vary as per the sensitivity level of the proposed development and existing and planned HC pipelines in the area. DUSUP have set a mandatory 500 meters from the pipeline corridor; or existing pipeline, (whichever is greater) as the LUP Consultation Zone. Any development within these zones requires the developer to consult with DUSUP before commencement of design.

Figure 1: DPE-DUSUP LUP Criteria

Off-Site Population	Proximity Zone	Inner Zone	Middle Zone	Outer Zone
Normally unoccupied, e.g. car park, farms, etc. (<10 buildings/km²)	Withhold NOC	Release NOC	Release NOC	Release NOC
Low density population e.g. small workplaces (>10 and <30 buildings / km²)	Withhold NOC	Release NOC	Release NOC	Release NOC
General public , e.g. residential(>30 buildings / km²)	Withhold NOC	Withhold NOC	Release NOC	Release NOC
Vulnerable people, e.g. schools, hospitals, etc.				
Very large or sensitive buildings e.g. large shopping malls, tall multi- storey buildings, sports stadia, etc.	Withhold NOC	Withhold NOC	Withhold NOC	Release NOC

Figure 2 - DEL (ADNOC) LUP Criteria:



## 6.1 Proximity Zone

The terms 'Proximity Zone', 'Plant Zone' and 'No-Go Zone' occupy similar areas and can generally be used interchangeably when considering DUSUP NOC requirements. However; proximity zones and plant zones are defined by the risk profile (as described above), whereas no-go zones are indicative of general restricted access areas within the pipeline corridor (or other hazardous sites).

## **DUSUP Restrictions in the Proximity Zone:**

No development is permitted in the Proximity zone.

#### Dolphin (ADNOC) Interpretation of Criteria:

No development is permitted in the Plant zone.

#### 6.2 Inner Zone

## **DUSUP** Restrictions within the Inner Zone:

The following developments are **NOT Permitted**:

- Residential (for developments of densities >30 buildings per km2)
- Buildings with vulnerable people located within, e.g. schools, hospitals, etc.
- Large shopping malls (Gross Leasable Area >80,000m2)
- Tall multi-storey / high-rise buildings (Structures with a total height of occupiable or usable space
  of more than 23 Meters above the lowest grade or lowest level of Fire Service Access into that
  occupancy is categorized as a High-rise Building as per UAE fire and life safety code of practice)
- Sports stadia, etc.

#### <u>Dolphin (ADNOC) Interpretation of Criteria:</u>

These refer to general playing fields where occasional presence of playing personnel are expected. These personnel are directly associated with the facility operations (recreational activities).

#### 6.3 Middle Zone

#### DUSUP Restrictions in the Middle Zone:

The following developments are **NOT Permitted**:

- Vulnerable people, e.g. schools, hospitals, etc.
- Large shopping malls (Gross Leasable Area >80,000m2)
- Tall multi-storey / high-rise buildings. Structures having a total height of occupiable or usable space
  of more than 23 Meters above the lowest grade or lowest level of Fire Service Access into that
  occupancy is categorized as a High-rise Building as per UAE fire and life safety code of practice.
- Sports stadia, etc.

## Dolphin (ADNOC) Interpretation of Criteria:

• Light industrial set up may be permitted with number of workers not exceeding 25 (per km).

## 6.4 Outer Zone

#### DUSUP Restrictions in the Outer Zone:

No restriction to land use planning and development in the outer zone.

#### Dolphin (ADNOC) Interpretation of Criteria:

- Any industrial set up permitted.
- Residential development with more than 25 (per km) personnel is not permitted.

Social gathering centres, Schools and Hospitals are not permitted

#### 6.5 Unclassified Zone

Dolphin has an additional 'Unclassified Zone' and development or use is set as "Schools and hospitals"

#### <u>Dolphin (ADNOC) Interpretation of Criteria:</u>

- Any Residential development is permitted.
- Social gathering centres, Schools and Hospitals are permitted.

#### 7 LAND USE PLANNING NOC PROCESS

DUSUP requires developers of plots within 500 meters of the corridor limit to obtain a NOC Approval to proceed with the development as per the following sections.

## 7.1 Informational NOC

Developer shall first apply for Information NOC to identify the development distance from the Hydrocarbon Pipelines and the LUP Zone(s) restrictions.

DUSUP require the developer to amend / adjust master development plan and/or plot development plan to comply with the restriction of the LUP Zone.

## <u>Documentation Required for LUP Information NOC:</u>

NOC applicant shall submit the following documents:

- For issuing Pipeline information, it is mandatory for the applicant to submit a confidentiality
  undertaking letter as per the DUSUP approved letter template. The Confidentiality Undertaking
  Letter template can be downloaded from DUSUP website using link: <a href="https://www.dusup.ae/noc">https://www.dusup.ae/noc</a>.
  Specific to DEL pipelines, applicant shall follow the instructions as detailed by DEL in the E-NOC
  Portal.
- AutoCAD drawing on DLTM datum showing proposed project limit.
- Land Use Description.
- Master Plan for the development.
- Design quantities of permanent staff employees and general public (customers) expected for the development.

DUSUP will issue a Conditional Information NOC based on the QRA interpretation along with a copy of following:

- Requested pipeline information.
- DUSUP Standard NOC Conditions.

If a new building involves replacing DUSUP Fence line with a boundary wall, DUSUP Guidelines for Structures Close to DUSUP Corridor (DP-OPSON-0188) shall be referred to.

#### LUP Information NOC Processing Time:

Expected Processing time for gathering QRA related DUSUP Information NOC is 10 working days.

## 7.2 Design NOC

DUSUP requires the developer to apply for design NOC with the amended plan that meets the LUP guidelines requirements for approval. After review and confirmation that the design complies with the LUP guideline, DUSUP will issue design NOC Approval.

## <u>Documentation Required for LUP Design NOC:</u>

NOC applicant shall submit the following documents:

- PDF copy of project master plan incorporating DUSUP pipeline information, including proposed building(s), amenities, type of use and expected population.
- AutoCAD drawing of project plan incorporating DUSUP pipeline information on DLTM datum, including proposed building layout, amenities, type of use and expected population.
- Cross section drawing showing the height of building and separation distance from DUSUP corridor.

If the design includes a development that has the potential to affect DUSUP Assets from a fire and explosion point of view i.e. an underground LPG facility or petrol station in the vicinity of DUSUP corridor, appropriate risk studies will be required from the NOC applicant at the design stage, to ensure that the risk to DUSUP assets is reduced to ALARP. DUSUP reserves the right to reject after review from DUSUP's Technical Safety TA.

## LUP Design NOC Processing Time:

Expected processing time for QRA related DUSUP Design NOC is 15 working days (counted from the last submission/resubmission date to the date of approval)

#### 7.3 Construction NOC

Prior to commencing construction DUSUP require the contractor to apply for construction NOC based on the previously approved Design NOC. The construction NOC will also address any construction related conditions. DUSUP will ensure that the construction complies with the design NOC requirements and will issue Construction NOC approval with all applicable standard and specific conditions.

## Documentation Required for LUP Construction NOC:

NOC applicant shall submit the following documents as per approved QRA:

- PDF copy of project master plan incorporating DUSUP pipeline information, including proposed building(s), amenities, type of use and expected population.
- AutoCAD drawing of project plan incorporating DUSUP pipeline information on DLTM datum, including proposed building layout, amenities, type of use and expected population.
- Cross section drawing showing the height of building and separation distance from DUSUP corridor.
- QRA study report (if applicable)

## LUP Construction NOC Processing Time:

Expected processing time for QRA related DUSUP Construction NOC is 7 working days.

## 8 CHALLENGING DUSUP LUP ZONE RESTRICTIONS

In case the developer wants to challenge the DUSUP / Dolphin LUP Restrictions that are based on DUSUP and/or Dolphin Energy Quantitative Risk Assessment data, the developer shall appoint a DUSUP and/or Dolphin Energy approved risk consultant to specifically study the planned development.

The DUSUP QRA methodology quantifies the risk arising from defined hazardous release scenarios from a pipeline or a group of pipelines (in corridors or corridor sections). The risk measure used to determine LUP zones is Location Specific Individual Risk (LSIR) which is the level of risk experienced by a hypothetical person who is in a specific location for 24 hours a day, 365 days a year. The pipeline LSIR figures are fixed, and cannot be altered by the Project Specific QRA. Only DUSUP may change the pipeline related LSIR figures, based on any changes to the pipeline operations. The project specific QRA shall instead identify the Individual Risk Per Annum (IRPA) figures, Societal risk (FN curves) and Possibility of Loss of Life (PLL) figures experienced by the human population related to the project as per the master plan, taking account of the population distribution of inhabitants, workers and customers etc. while also considering any mitigation measures to avoid exposure.

Considerations of Project Specific QRA:

- Risk consultant shall use DNV Phast and Safeti software version 8.22 (or later) to carry out the consequence and risk modelling, respectively. This is consistent with the current DUSUP QRA/FERA studies.
- The primary objective of the study is to conduct a Quantitative Risk Assessment (QRA) for the specific project, considering:
  - Evaluating the potential fire, flammable gas dispersion, and toxic gas dispersion hazards from potential loss of containment events from the in-scope pipelines;
  - Examining the frequency and consequences of each hazard using existing pipeline QRA data, and hence the associated risk, for each of the identified hazards;
  - Presenting the calculated Individual Risk Per Annum (IRPA), and Possibility of Loss of Life
     (PLL) figures for the expected population densities;
  - Determine the societal risk FN curve for agreed sensitive areas;
  - o Evaluate the results against DUSUP and DEL LUP criteria; and
  - Provide recommendations as necessary for risk reduction.
- The technical assumptions used in the project specific QRA must be included in the Assumptions Register for review and approval by DUSUP and DEL.

## **Documentation Required for LUP Challenge:**

NOC applicant shall submit the following documents:

- Project Specific Quantitative Risk Assessment (QRA) by approved Risk Consultant.
- The developer letter accepting the project specific QRA and its recommendations.
- Revised master plan incorporating the recommendations shall be submitted along with the project specific QRA.

## Cost of Project Specific QRA:

Any direct or indirect cost for QRA study and implementation of recommendation must be borne by the developer.

## **LUP Challenge Time:**

The Developer or Developers representative/consultant shall submit the QRA study report and recommendations within 90 days from the date of confirmation to challenge the DUSUP/DEL QRA requirements to avoid cancellation of NOC from e-NOC.

Expected processing time for QRA related DUSUP Construction NOC is 15 working days.

### 9 DUSUP GUIDELINES

Various Guidelines for DUSUP/DPE Onshore pipelines have been developed for use. Reference can be made to the following link: <a href="https://dusup.ae/dusup-noc-guidelines/">https://dusup.ae/dusup-noc-guidelines/</a>